

## HFC-236FA (FE36)

### A-Gas (U.S. Headquarters)

Chemwatch: 4156-85

Version No: 3.1

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2024) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Initial Date: 15/04/2009

Revision Date: 20/06/2022

Print Date: 06/09/2026

L.GHS.USA.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification

### Product Identifier

|                               |                                                                   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product name                  | HFC-236FA (FE36)                                                  |
| Synonyms                      | C3-H2-F6; propane, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-; HFC 236fa; Suva 236fa |
| Proper shipping name          | Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (contains 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane)    |
| Chemical formula              | C3H2F6                                                            |
| Other means of identification | Not Available                                                     |
| CAS number                    | 690-39-1                                                          |

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Relevant identified uses | Fire fighting agent<br>The use of a quantity of material in an unventilated or confined space may result in increased exposure and an irritating atmosphere developing. Before starting consider control of exposure by mechanical ventilation. |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

|                         |                                                        |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Registered company name | A-Gas (U.S. Headquarters)                              |
| Address                 | 1100 Haskins Rd. Bowling Green, OH 43402 United States |
| Telephone               | 14198678990                                            |
| Fax                     | 1-419-867-3279                                         |
| Website                 | <a href="http://www.agas.com/us">www.agas.com/us</a>   |
| Email                   | tammy.myers@agas.com                                   |

### Emergency phone number

|                                     |                              |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Association / Organisation          | PERS                         | CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7) |
| Emergency telephone number(s)       | 1-800-633-8253               | +1 855-237-5573 (ID#: 4156-85)      |
| Other emergency telephone number(s) | International 1-801-629-0667 | +61 3 9573 3188                     |

## SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health, Red = Fire, Yellow = Reactivity and White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

|                |                                       |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Classification | Gases Under Pressure (Compressed Gas) |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|

### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

## Hazard statement(s)

H280

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

## Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) General

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P103

Read carefully and follow all instructions.

## Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P410+P403

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

No further product hazard information.

## SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

## Substances

| CAS No   | %[weight] | Name                                 |
|----------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 690-39-1 | >98       | <u>1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane</u> |

## Mixtures

See section above for composition of Substances

## SECTION 4 First-aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Eye Contact  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ If product comes in contact with eyes remove the patient from gas source or contaminated area.</li> <li>▶ Take the patient to the nearest eye wash, shower or other source of clean water.</li> <li>▶ Open the eyelid(s) wide to allow the material to evaporate.</li> <li>▶ Gently rinse the affected eye(s) with clean, cool water for at least 15 minutes. Have the patient lie or sit down and tilt the head back. Hold the eyelid(s) open and pour water slowly over the eyeball(s) at the inner corners, letting the water run out of the outer corners.</li> <li>▶ The patient may be in great pain and wish to keep the eyes closed. It is important that the material is rinsed from the eyes to prevent further damage.</li> <li>▶ Ensure that the patient looks up, and side to side as the eye is rinsed in order to better reach all parts of the eye(s)</li> <li>▶ Transport to hospital or doctor.</li> <li>▶ Even when no pain persists and vision is good, a doctor should examine the eye as delayed damage may occur.</li> <li>▶ If the patient cannot tolerate light, protect the eyes with a clean, loosely tied bandage.</li> <li>▶ Ensure verbal communication and physical contact with the patient.</li> </ul> <p><b>DO NOT</b> allow the patient to rub the eyes<br/> <b>DO NOT</b> allow the patient to tightly shut the eyes<br/> <b>DO NOT</b> introduce oil or ointment into the eye(s) without medical advice<br/> <b>DO NOT</b> use hot or tepid water.</p> |
| Skin Contact | <p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Continued...

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Inhalation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ Following exposure to gas, remove the patient from the gas source or contaminated area.</li> <li>▸ NOTE: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus may be required to assure the safety of the rescuer.</li> <li>▸ Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block the airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>▸ If the patient is not breathing spontaneously, administer rescue breathing.</li> <li>▸ If the patient does not have a pulse, administer CPR.</li> <li>▸ If medical oxygen and appropriately trained personnel are available, administer 100% oxygen.</li> <li>▸ Summon an emergency ambulance. If an ambulance is not available, contact a physician, hospital, or Poison Control Centre for further instruction.</li> <li>▸ Keep the patient warm, comfortable and at rest while awaiting medical care.</li> <li>▸ <b>MONITOR THE BREATHING AND PULSE, CONTINUOUSLY.</b></li> <li>▸ Administer rescue breathing (preferably with a demand-valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask-device, or pocket mask as trained) or CPR if necessary.</li> </ul> |
| Ingestion  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ Not considered a normal route of entry.</li> <li>▸ For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> <li>▸ Avoid giving milk or oils.</li> <li>▸ Avoid giving alcohol.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

for intoxication due to Freons/ Halons;

#### A: Emergency and Supportive Measures

- Maintain an open airway and assist ventilation if necessary
- Treat coma and arrhythmias if they occur. Avoid (adrenaline) epinephrine or other sympathomimetic amines that may precipitate ventricular arrhythmias. Tachyarrhythmias caused by increased myocardial sensitisation may be treated with propranolol, 1-2 mg IV or esmolol 25-100 microgm/kg/min IV.
- Monitor the ECG for 4-6 hours

#### B: Specific drugs and antidotes:

- There is no specific antidote

#### C: Decontamination

- Inhalation; remove victim from exposure, and give supplemental oxygen if available.
- Ingestion; (a) Prehospital: Administer activated charcoal, if available. **DO NOT** induce vomiting because of rapid absorption and the risk of abrupt onset CNS depression. (b) Hospital: Administer activated charcoal, although the efficacy of charcoal is unknown. Perform gastric lavage only if the ingestion was very large and recent (less than 30 minutes)

#### D: Enhanced elimination:

- There is no documented efficacy for diuresis, haemodialysis, haemoperfusion, or repeat-dose charcoal.

*POISONING and DRUG OVERDOSE, Californian Poison Control System Ed. Kent R Olson; 3rd Edition*

- Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary as material may increase myocardial irritability.
- No specific antidote.
- Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if aspirated and cause systematic effects, the decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by an attending physician.
- If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control.
- Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach.
- Treatment based on judgment of the physician in response to reactions of the patient

For gas exposures:

#### BASIC TREATMENT

- Establish a patent airway with suction where necessary.
- Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilation as necessary.
- Administer oxygen by non-rebreather mask at 10 to 15 l/min.
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for pulmonary oedema .
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for shock.
- Anticipate seizures.

#### ADVANCED TREATMENT

- Consider orotracheal or nasotracheal intubation for airway control in unconscious patient or where respiratory arrest has occurred.
- Positive-pressure ventilation using a bag-valve mask might be of use.
- Monitor and treat, where necessary, for arrhythmias.
- Start an IV D5W TKO. If signs of hypovolaemia are present use lactated Ringers solution. Fluid overload might create complications.
- Drug therapy should be considered for pulmonary oedema.
- Hypotension with signs of hypovolaemia requires the cautious administration of fluids. Fluid overload might create complications.
- Treat seizures with diazepam.
- Proparacaine hydrochloride should be used to assist eye irrigation.

BRONSTEIN, A.C. and CURRANCE, P.L.

EMERGENCY CARE FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS EXPOSURE: 2nd Ed. 1994

Vapourising liquid causes rapid cooling and contact may cause cold burns, frostbite, even through normal gloves. Frozen skin tissues are painless and appear waxy and yellow. Signs and symptoms of frost-bite may include "pins and needles", paleness followed by numbness, a hardening and stiffening of the skin, a progression of colour changes in the affected area, (first white, then mottled and blue and eventually black; on recovery, red, hot, painful and blistered).

## SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**SMALL FIRE:** Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

**LARGE FIRE:** Cool cylinder.

**DO NOT** direct water at source of leak or venting safety devices as icing may occur.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Fire Incompatibility

▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire Fighting</b>         | <p>-----<br/>GENERAL<br/>-----</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Wear breathing apparatus and protective gloves.</li> <li>▶ Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.</li> <li>▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Fire/Explosion Hazard</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Containers may explode when heated - Ruptured cylinders may rocket</li> <li>▶ Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief devices.</li> <li>▶ High concentrations of gas may cause asphyxiation without warning.</li> <li>▶ May decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.</li> <li>▶ Contact with gas may cause burns, severe injury and/ or frostbite.</li> </ul> <p>Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ carbon monoxide (CO)</li> </ul> <p>Combustion products include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)</li> </ul> <p>hydrogen fluoride</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul> <p><b>Contains low boiling substance:</b> Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup under fire conditions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ NOTE: Avoid using on fires with fuel containing its own oxygen (oxidising agent), eg. gun powder, rocket propellants, cellulose nitrate, organic peroxides</li> </ul> <p>The fire suppression of polyfluoralkyls is due to their heat capacity and chemical suppression by fluorine. It has been noted that the presence of CF groups (as opposed to CF<sub>x</sub>; x=F,2,H) is significant in chemical inhibition by fluorocarbons</p> <p>Fire suppression occurs by a combination of physical (primarily heat capacity) and chemical (reduction of radicals important in flame propagation) mechanisms. Agents such as water and carbon dioxide which are essentially chemically inert in flame environments are predominately physical in their suppression mechanism. The suppression effectiveness of CF<sub>3</sub>Br has been identified as being principally due to catalytic scavenging of flame radicals by the bromine atom .</p> |

## SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### Environmental precautions

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Minor Spills</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Avoid breathing vapour and any contact with liquid or gas. Protective equipment including respirator should be used.</li> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> enter confined spaces where gas may have accumulated.</li> <li>▶ Increase ventilation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Major Spills</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Clear area of all unprotected personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>▶ Alert Emergency Authority and advise them of the location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Wear breathing apparatus and protective gloves.</li> <li>▶ Prevent by any means available, spillage from entering drains and water-courses.</li> <li>▶ Remove leaking cylinders to a safe place.</li> <li>▶ Fit vent pipes. Release pressure under safe, controlled conditions</li> <li>▶ Burn issuing gas at vent pipes.</li> <li>▶ DO NOT exert excessive pressure on valve; DO NOT attempt to operate damaged valve.</li> </ul> |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

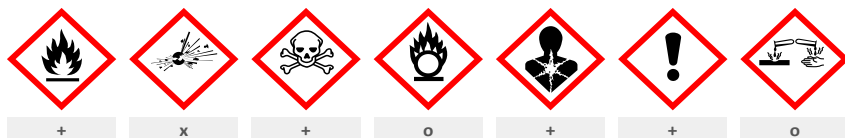
## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Safe handling     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consider use in closed pressurised systems, fitted with temperature, pressure and safety relief valves which are vented for safe dispersal. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature</li> <li>The tubing network design connecting gas cylinders to the delivery system should include appropriate pressure indicators and vacuum or suction lines.</li> <li>Fully-welded types of pressure gauges, where the bourdon tube sensing element is welded to the gauge body, are recommended.</li> <li>Before connecting gas cylinders, ensure manifold is mechanically secure and does not contain another gas. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT transfer gas from one cylinder to another.</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Other information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outside or detached storage is preferred.</li> <li>Cylinders should be stored in a purpose-built compound with good ventilation, preferably in the open.</li> <li>Such compounds should be sited and built in accordance with statutory requirements.</li> <li>The storage compound should be kept clear and access restricted to authorised personnel only.</li> <li>Cylinders stored in the open should be protected against rust and extremes of weather.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Suitable container      | <p>Cylinder temperature should not exceed 52 deg C.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT use aluminium or galvanised containers</b></li> <li>Cylinder: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure the use of equipment rated for cylinder pressure.</li> <li>Ensure the use of compatible materials of construction.</li> <li>Valve protection cap to be in place until cylinder is secured, connected.</li> <li>Cylinder must be properly secured either in use or in storage.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Storage incompatibility | <p>As a general rule, hydrofluorocarbons tend to be flammable unless they contain more fluorine atoms than hydrogen atoms.</p> <p>Haloalkanes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>are highly reactive: some of the more lightly substituted lower members are highly flammable; the more highly substituted may be used as fire suppressants, not always with the anticipated results.</li> <li>may react with the lighter divalent metals to produce more reactive compounds analogous to Grignard reagents.</li> <li>may produce explosive compounds following prolonged contact with metallic or other azides</li> <li>may react on contact with potassium or its alloys - although apparently stable on contact with a wide range of halocarbons, reaction products may be shock-sensitive and may explode with great violence on light impact; severity generally increases with the degree of halocarbon substitution and potassium-sodium alloys give extremely sensitive mixtures.</li> </ul> <p>BRETHERRICK L.: Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>react with metal halides and active metals, eg. sodium (Na), potassium (K), lithium (Li), calcium (Ca), zinc (Zn), powdered aluminium (Al) and aluminium alloys, magnesium (Mg) and magnesium alloys.</li> </ul> |



X — Must not be stored together

O — May be stored together with specific preventions

+ — May be stored together

Note: Depending on other risk factors, compatibility assessment based on the table above may not be relevant to storage situations, particularly where large volumes of dangerous goods are stored and handled. Reference should be made to the Safety Data Sheets for each substance or article and risks assessed accordingly.

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### Emergency Limits

| Ingredient       | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2        | TEEL-3        |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| HFC-236FA (FE36) | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |

| Ingredient                    | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH  |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | Not Available | Not Available |

#### MATERIAL DATA

CEL TWA: 1000 ppm (8, 12 h) (cf DuPont AEL TWA)

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat. Historically occupational exposure standards for these irritants have been based on observation of workers' responses to various airborne concentrations. Present day expectations require that nearly every individual should be protected

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against even minor sensory irritation and exposure standards are established using uncertainty factors or safety factors of 5 to 10 or more. On occasion animal no-observable-effect-levels (NOEL) are used to determine these limits where human results are unavailable.

### Exposure controls

|                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>                                      | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are:<br>Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.<br>Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. |
| <b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Eye and face protection</b>                                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>▸ Chemical goggles.[AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]</li> <li>▸ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.</li> </ul>                                                                                                 |
| <b>Skin protection</b>                                                       | See Hand protection below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hands/feet protection</b>                                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ When handling sealed and suitably insulated cylinders wear cloth or leather gloves.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Body protection</b>                                                       | See Other protection below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Other protection</b>                                                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ Protective overalls, closely fitted at neck and wrist.</li> <li>▸ Eye-wash unit.</li> <li>▸ Ensure availability of lifeline in confined spaces.</li> <li>▸ Staff should be trained in all aspects of rescue work.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

### Respiratory protection

Full face respirator with supplied air.

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used
- Positive pressure, full face, air-supplied breathing apparatus should be used for work in enclosed spaces if a leak is suspected or the primary containment is to be opened (e.g. for a cylinder change)
- Air-supplied breathing apparatus is required where release of gas from primary containment is either suspected or demonstrated.

## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|                                                     |                                          |                                                |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                   | Colourless gas; does not mix with water. |                                                |                |
| <b>Physical state</b>                               | Compressed Gas                           | <b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>            | 1.37           |
| <b>Odour</b>                                        | Not Available                            | <b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b> | Not Available  |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                              | Not Available                            | <b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>          | Not Available  |
| <b>pH (as supplied)</b>                             | Not Applicable                           | <b>Decomposition temperature (°C)</b>          | Not Available  |
| <b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>          | -98; -103 (freezing)                     | <b>Viscosity (mm<sup>2</sup>/s)</b>            | Not Available  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b> | -1.4                                     | <b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>                | 152.04         |
| <b>Flash point (°C)</b>                             | Not Available                            | <b>Taste</b>                                   | Not Available  |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | Fast                                     | <b>Explosive properties</b>                    | Not Available  |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                 | Not Applicable                           | <b>Oxidising properties</b>                    | Not Available  |
| <b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>                    | Not Available                            | <b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>        | Not Available  |
| <b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>                    | Not Available                            | <b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>               | 100            |
| <b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>                        | 272.4 (25 °C)                            | <b>Gas group</b>                               | Not Available  |
| <b>Solubility in water</b>                          | Immiscible                               | <b>pH as a solution (1%)</b>                   | Not Applicable |

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## HFC-236FA (FE36)

|                                                |               |                                                     |               |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                       | >1            | VOC g/L                                             | Not Available |
| Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)                      | Not Available | Ignition Distance (cm)                              | Not Available |
| Flame Height (cm)                              | Not Available | Flame Duration (s)                                  | Not Available |
| Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3) | Not Available | Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3) | Not Available |
| Nanoform Solubility                            | Not Available | Nanoform Particle Characteristics                   | Not Available |
| Particle Size                                  | Not Available |                                                     |               |

## SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reactivity                         | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Chemical stability                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> <li>Presence of elevated temperatures.</li> </ul> |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Conditions to avoid                | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Incompatible materials             | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | See section 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## SECTION 11 Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

|                                      |                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) Acute Toxicity                    | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| b) Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| c) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation     | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| d) Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| e) Mutagenicity                      | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| f) Carcinogenicity                   | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| g) Reproductivity                    | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| h) STOT - Single Exposure            | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| i) STOT - Repeated Exposure          | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| j) Aspiration Hazard                 | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inhaled | <p>Inhalation of high concentrations of HFC-236fa, such as those that may be achieved under conditions of abuse or inappropriate use, may cause adverse central nervous system and cardiac effects. The effects may include dizziness, lightheadedness, confusion, weakness and unconsciousness, and in extreme cases the heart may become sensitized to epinephrine and may result in death without warning.</p> <p>Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.</p> <p>Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be damaging to the health of the individual.</p> <p>Limited evidence or practical experience suggests that the material may produce irritation of the respiratory system, in a significant number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the irritant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved to protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs. Respiratory tract irritation often results in an inflammatory response involving the recruitment and activation of many cell types, mainly derived from the vascular system.</p> <p>Acute intoxication by halogenated aliphatic hydrocarbons appears to take place over two stages. Signs of a reversible narcosis are evident in the first stage and in the second stage signs of injury to organs may become evident, a single organ alone is (almost) never involved. Depression of the central nervous system is the most outstanding effect of most halogenated aliphatic hydrocarbons. Inebriation and excitation, passing into narcosis, is a typical reaction. In severe acute exposures there is always a danger of death from respiratory failure or cardiac arrest due to a tendency to make the heart more susceptible to catecholamines (adrenalin)</p> <p>Material is highly volatile and may quickly form a concentrated atmosphere in confined or unventilated areas. The vapour may displace and replace air in breathing zone, acting as a simple asphyxiant. This may happen with little warning of overexposure.</p> <p>Symptoms of asphyxia (suffocation) may include headache, dizziness, shortness of breath, muscular weakness, drowsiness and ringing in the ears. If the asphyxia is allowed to progress, there may be nausea and vomiting, further physical weakness and unconsciousness and, finally, convulsions, coma and death. Significant concentrations of the non-toxic gas reduce the oxygen level in the air. As the amount of oxygen is reduced from 21 to 14 volume %, the pulse rate accelerates and the rate and volume of breathing increase.</p> <p>Exposure to high concentrations of fluorocarbons may produce cardiac arrhythmias or cardiac arrest due to sensitisation of the heart to adrenalin or noradrenalin. Deaths associated with exposures to fluorocarbons (specifically halogenated aliphatics) have occurred in occupational settings and in inhalation of bronchodilator drugs.</p> |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Continued...

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|              | Bronchospasm consistently occurs in human subjects inhaling fluorocarbons. At a measured concentration of 1700 ppm of one of the commercially available aerosols there is a biphasic change in ventilatory capacity, the first reduction occurring within a few minutes and the second delayed up to 30 minutes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Ingestion    | Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.<br>Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Skin Contact | <p>Skin contact is not expected to result in harmful health effects and the material is not classified as hazardous by the dermal route under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP), as amended. However, the material may cause harm following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.</p> <p>Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.</p> <p>In common with other halogenated aliphatics, fluorocarbons may cause dermal problems due to a tendency to remove natural oils from the skin causing irritation and the development of dry, sensitive skin. They do not appear to be appreciably absorbed.</p> <p>Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material</p> <p>Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.</p> <p>Material on the skin evaporates rapidly and may cause tingling, chilling and even temporary numbness</p> |
| Eye          | <p>Although the material is not classified as an eye irritant under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP), as amended, direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).</p> <p>Direct contact with the eye may not cause irritation because of the extreme volatility of the gas; however concentrated atmospheres may produce irritation after brief exposures..</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Chronic      | <p>Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.</p> <p>Principal route of occupational exposure to the gas is by inhalation.</p> <p>It is generally accepted that the fluorocarbons are less toxic than the corresponding halogenated aliphatic based on chlorine. Repeated inhalation exposure to the fluorocarbon FC-11 does not produce pathologic lesions of the liver and other visceral organs in experimental animals. There has been conjecture in non-scientific publications that fluorocarbons may cause leukemia, cancer, sterility and birth defects; these have not been verified by current research. The high incidence of cancer, spontaneous abortion and congenital anomalies amongst hospital personnel, repeatedly exposed to fluorine-containing general anaesthetics, has caused some scientists to call for a lowering of the fluorocarbon exposure standard to 5 ppm since some are mutagens.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

| HFC-236FA (FE36) | TOXICITY                                            | IRRITATION    |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|
|                  | Inhalation (Rat) LC50: >457000 ppm4h <sup>[2]</sup> | Not Available |

**Legend:** 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-<br>HEXAFLUOROPROPANE | <p>Single exposure by inhalation caused narcosis and cardiac sensitisation, a potentially fatal disturbance of heart rhythm associated with a heightened sensitivity to the action of epinephrine; in a cardiac sensitisation screening test in dogs exposed to concentrations of 50,000 to 250,000 ppm evidence of sensitization occurred at 150,000 ppm. Repeated exposures caused a reduced startling response in rats. No other significant toxicological effects were observed. No-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level (NOAEL): 20,000 ppm. Developmental studies conducted in rats and rabbits at dose levels of 5000, 20,000 or 50,000 ppm produced no evidence of developmental toxicity. HFC 236fa was not uniquely toxic to the rat or rabbit conceptus. Specific studies to evaluate the effect on female reproductive performance have not been conducted; however, limited information obtained from studies on developmental toxicity do not indicate adverse effects on female reproductive performance. Tests have shown that HFC 236fa does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures. *</p> <p>DuPont MSDS</p> <p>No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.</p> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                   |   |                          |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity                    | ✗ | Carcinogenicity          | ✗ |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | ✗ | Reproductivity           | ✗ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation     | ✗ | STOT - Single Exposure   | ✗ |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✗ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | ✗ |
| Mutagenicity                      | ✗ | Aspiration Hazard        | ✗ |

**Legend:** ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification  
 ✔ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

| HFC-236FA (FE36)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Endpoint  | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value     | Source |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | EC50      | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | >186mg/l  | 2      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | EC50      | 48h                | Crustacea                     | 299mg/l   | 2      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LC50      | 96h                | Fish                          | 292mg/l   | 2      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | NOEC(ECx) | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | >=186mg/l | 2      |
| <b>Legend:</b> Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 4. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 5. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 6. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. Vendor Data 8. User defined data |           |                    |                               |           |        |

Ecotoxicity: Fish LC50 (6 h): zebra fish 292 mg/l Algae LC50 (96 h): freshwater spp >186 mg/l Daphnia magna LC50 (48 h); 299 mg/l  
For haloalkanes and haloalkenes:

Environmental fate:

Certain haloalkane gases in the atmosphere can also contribute to the greenhouse effect by restricting heat loss from the Earth's atmosphere through absorbing infrared emissions from the surface. Generally haloalkanes contributing to the greenhouse effect consist of a fully or partly fluorinated carbon backbone. Gas-phase reactions with OH radicals are the major tropospheric loss process for the haloalkanes. In addition photooxidation reactions with O3 and NO3 radicals can result in transformation. Polyfluoropropanes (and other polyfluoroalkyls) are being developed as replacements for bromine- and chlorine-containing firefighting agents which deplete stratospheric ozone. These hydrofluorocarbons contain no chlorine, bromine, or iodine, and therefore have negligible ozone depletion potential. They do, however, have appreciable infrared absorption, and thus can be significant global warming agents depending on their atmospheric lifetime. In addition to carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4) and nitrous oxide (N2O), the greenhouse gases mentioned in the Kyoto Protocol include synthetic substances that share the common feature of being highly persistent in the atmosphere and exhibiting very high specific radiative forcing (radiative forcing is the change in the balance between radiation coming into the atmosphere and radiation out; a positive radiative forcing tends on average to warm the surface of the earth). These synthetic substances include hydrocarbons that are partially fluorinated (HCFs) or totally fluorinated (PFCs) as well as sulfur hexafluoride (SF6). The greenhouse potential of these substances, expressed as multiples of that of CO2, are within the range of 140 to 11,700 for HFCs, from 6500 to 9,200 for PFCs and 23,900 for SF6. Once emitted into the atmosphere, these substances have an impact on the environment for decades, centuries, or in certain instances, for thousands of years.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient                    | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | HIGH                    | HIGH             |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient                    | Bioaccumulation     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | LOW (LogKOW = 2.65) |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient                    | Mobility              |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | LOW (Log KOC = 393.3) |

Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product / Packaging disposal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Evaporate residue at an approved site.</li><li>Return empty containers to supplier. If containers are marked non-returnable establish means of disposal with manufacturer prior to purchase.</li><li>Ensure damaged or non-returnable cylinders are gas-free before disposal.</li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

|  |                                                                                     |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  |
|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                  |    |
|------------------|----|
| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----|

Shipping container, transport vehicle placarding, and labeling may vary from the below information. This depends on the quantity shipped, the applicability of excepted quantity requirements, limited quantity requirements, and/or special provisions according to US DOT, IATA and IMDG regulations. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine the appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transport regulations.

Land transport (DOT)

|                                   |                                                                |                |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number       | 3163                                                           |                |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name      | Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (contains 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane) |                |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)   | Class                                                          | 2.2            |
|                                   | Subsidiary Hazard                                              | Not Applicable |
| 14.4. Packing group               | Not Applicable                                                 |                |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard        | Not Applicable                                                 |                |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | Hazard Label                                                   | 2.2            |
|                                   | Special provisions                                             | T50            |
|                                   | Limited quantity                                               | 120 mL         |

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

|                                   |                                                                  |                |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 14.1. UN number                   | 3163                                                             |                |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name      | Liquefied gas, n.o.s. * (contains 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane) |                |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)   | ICAO/IATA Class                                                  | 2.2            |
|                                   | ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard                                    | Not Applicable |
|                                   | ERG Code                                                         | 2L             |
| 14.4. Packing group               | Not Applicable                                                   |                |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard        | Not Applicable                                                   |                |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | Special provisions                                               | Not Applicable |
|                                   | Cargo Only Packing Instructions                                  | 200            |
|                                   | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack                                    | 150 kg         |
|                                   | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions                         | 200            |
|                                   | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack                           | 75 kg          |
|                                   | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions        | Forbidden      |
|                                   | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack                   | Forbidden      |

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

|                                   |                                                                |                |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 14.1. UN number                   | 3163                                                           |                |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name      | LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (contains 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane) |                |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)   | IMDG Class                                                     | 2.2            |
|                                   | IMDG Subsidiary Hazard                                         | Not Applicable |
| 14.4. Packing group               | Not Applicable                                                 |                |
| 14.5 Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable                                                 |                |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | EMS Number                                                     | F-C, S-V       |
|                                   | Special provisions                                             | 274 392        |
|                                   | Limited Quantities                                             | 120 mL         |

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name                  | Group          |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | Not Applicable |

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name                  | Ship Type      |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane | Not Applicable |

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane is found on the following regulatory lists
- EAEU Ozone-Depleting Substances Subject to Permit/Licensing for Import/Export - List F (Russian)
- US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs)
- US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
- US Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment (TERA) Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| Section 311/312 hazard categories                            |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)              | No  |
| Gas under pressure                                           | Yes |
| Explosive                                                    | No  |
| Self-heating                                                 | No  |
| Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)                                 | No  |
| Pyrophoric Gas                                               | No  |
| Corrosive to metal                                           | No  |
| Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)                              | No  |
| Organic Peroxide                                             | No  |
| Self-reactive                                                | No  |
| In contact with water emits flammable gas                    | No  |
| Combustible Dust                                             | No  |
| Carcinogenicity                                              | No  |
| Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)                       | No  |
| Reproductive toxicity                                        | No  |
| Skin Corrosion or Irritation                                 | No  |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization                            | No  |
| Serious eye damage or eye irritation                         | No  |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) | No  |
| Aspiration Hazard                                            | No  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                                       | No  |
| Simple Asphyxiant                                            | No  |
| Hazards Not Otherwise Classified                             | No  |

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

US. EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (40 CFR 372)

None Reported

Additional Federal Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

None Reported

Additional State Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

| National Inventory                                | Status                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Australia - AIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use    | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Canada - DSL                                      | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Canada - NDSL                                     | No (1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane)                                                                                                                                                                |
| China - IECSC                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Japan - ENCS                                      | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Korea - KECI                                      | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                               | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Philippines - PICCS                               | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| USA - TSCA                                        | All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active'                                                                                                           |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Mexico - INSQ                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Vietnam - NCI                                     | No (1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane)                                                                                                                                                                |
| Russia - FBEPH                                    | No (1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane)                                                                                                                                                                |
| UAE - Control List (Banned/Restricted Substances) | No (1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane)                                                                                                                                                                |
| Legend:                                           | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. |

SECTION 16 Other information

|               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| Revision Date | 20/06/2022 |
| Initial Date  | 15/04/2009 |

SDS Version Summary

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated              |
|---------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| 3.1     | 20/06/2022     | Expiration. Review and Update |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC - TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC - STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- IMSBC: International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes Code
- IGC: International Gas Carrier Code
- IBC: International Bulk Chemical Code
  
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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